

Updates on Sustainability in Telecom

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Proprietary and confidential

Agenda

Refresher

Review key concepts and terms related to sustainability in telecom

Policy Updates

2

Review key policy updates that effect the majority operators

Technology Updates

3

Review the upcoming telecom advances that will impact sustainability

About me

10+ years of experience in the telecom industry

Master's Degree in the Humanities from NYU

Former Editor-in-Chief for an interdisciplinary journal covering Critical Theory, Climate Justice, and Sustainability

Published essayist on topics including literature and climate



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Sustainability: A Refresher

What Is Sustainability in Telecom?

- Encapsulates the ongoing efforts made in the telecom industry to facilitate more environmentally friendly and renewable practices
 - This is a critical issue for consumers, businesses, and governmental entities
- Sustainability efforts are typically focused around:



Climate change



Natural Resource Conservation



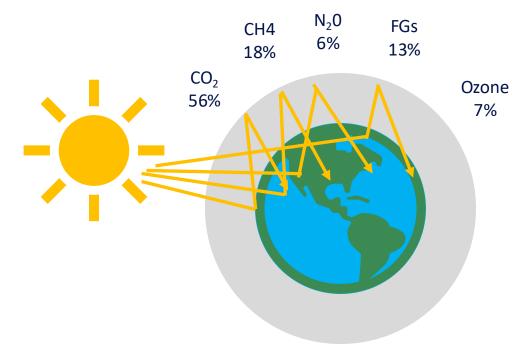
Biodiversity



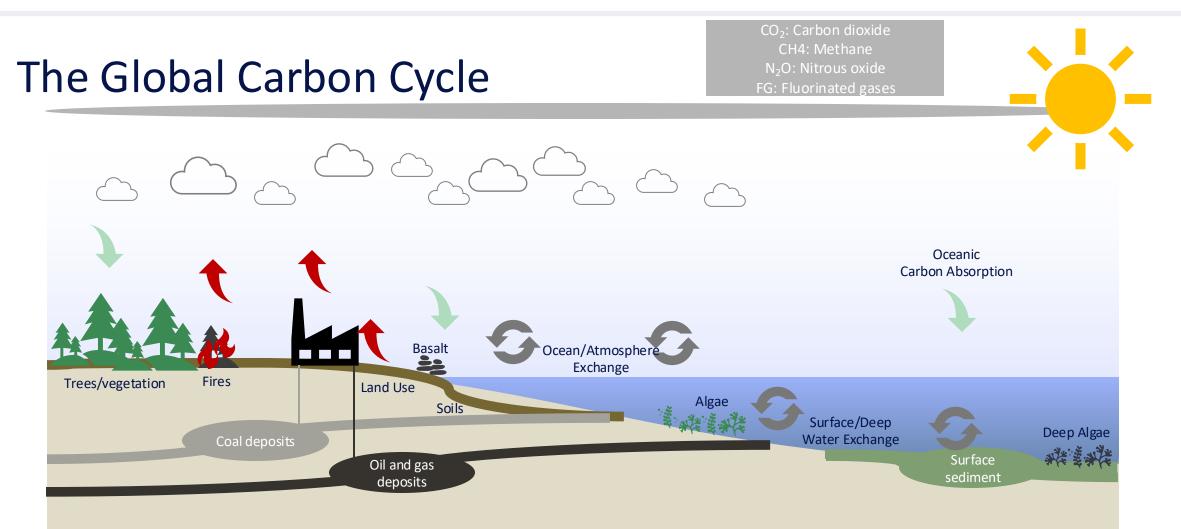
Pollution and Sanitation

How the Earth Warms Up

 Greenhouse gases (GHG) emissions are the main contributor to rising global temperatures through the burning of fossil fuels: coal, oil, natural gas



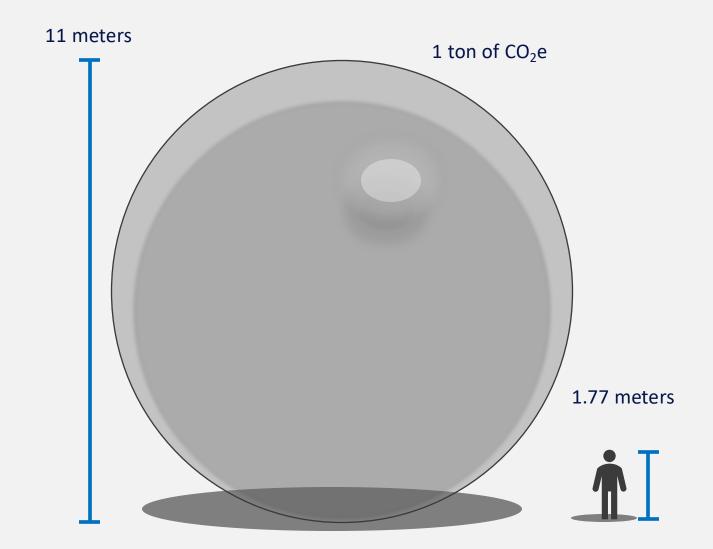
CO₂: Carbon dioxide (fossil fuel burning) CH4: Methane (livestock/natural gas) N₂O: Nitrous oxide (soil/agricultural) FG: Fluorinated gases (cooling/refrigeration)



It's important to note that the global carbon cycle is dynamic: That means, while carbon is released into the atmosphere through processes like burning fossil fuels, there are other (natural sink: oceanic, forestation) processes which help extract the carbon from the atmosphere

Measure: CO₂e

- CO₂e (or carbon dioxide equivalent): used as a standard measure for greenhouse gases
- Average annual carbon footprint per individual: 4 CO₂e tons
 - Average in US in 2024: 14 tons (down from 16)
 - The number of trees needed to counteract $1 \text{ CO}_2 \text{e}$ ton ~ 50.



The total global emissions output in 2024 was 41.6 billion tonnes (up from 40.6 billion in 2023)

Measure: PPM

- PPM (or parts per million): used to measure the number of carbon units per million (density) of carbon in the atmosphere
- Recently recorded PPM averages vastly exceeds data from any time in history
- PPM from the past air bubbles stored in ice cores, primarily from Antarctica

450 400 350 300 250 200 400 400 300 250 200

400,000

years before present

200,000

0

NOAA Climate.gov

Data: Lüthi et al., 2008

ice core data

600,000

150

100

800,000

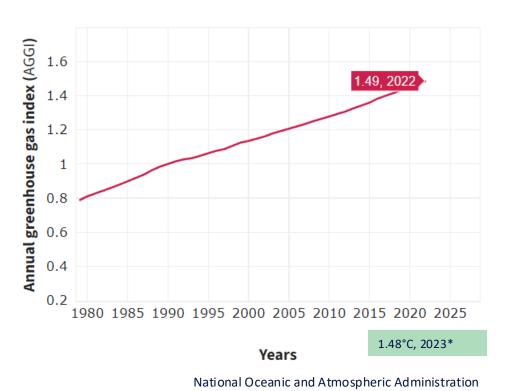
CARBON DIOXIDE OVER 800,000 YEARS

How We're Tracking the Progression of Climate Change

• Most sustainability discussions today focus on the release of greenhouse gases, the biggest factor in rising global temperatures.

To avoid the worst effects of climate change, the world must limit global temperature increase (compared to pre-industrial times) to below:

1.5°C / 2.7°F -United Nations



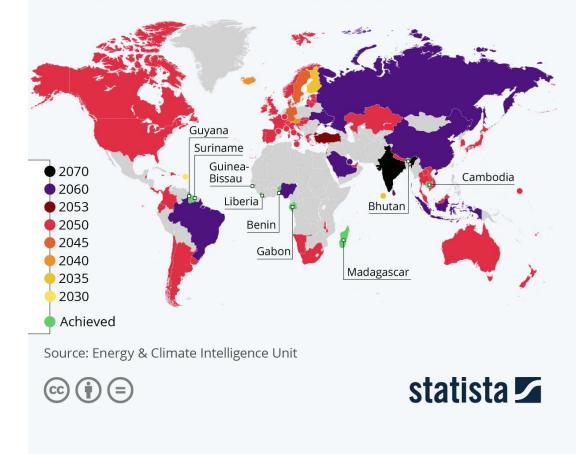
(NOAA) climate.gov

Net-Zero Impact

- Countries around the world have targeted to achieve a "net-zero" emissions impact before 2050
- To stave off the most harmful effects of climate change, scientists are recommending even more aggressive targets
- Some countries are targeting netzero impact by 2030

The Road to Net Zero

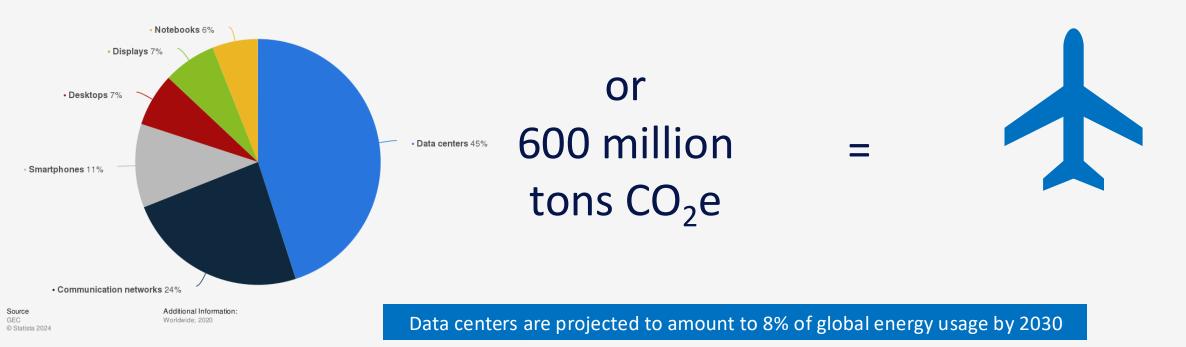
Countries with laws, policy documents or concrete timed pledges for carbon neutrality by target year



Why is this Important in Telecom?

• The telecom industry was responsible for 1.6% of total emissions (600 million of 37 billion CO2e tons) in 2022

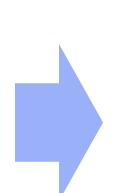
Information and communications technology sector carbon footprint share 2020, by product/segment



How Does this Affect Your business?

Policy

Due to the urgency of climate change, many world organizations and countries are adopting strict GHG emission guidelines (such as those proposed by the 2016 Paris Agreement)



Legislation

To enforce these policies, governments (EU, UK, VCMDA in California) are passing stricter GHG emissions standards and antigreenwashing laws



Impact

To ensure that your business does not receive significant fines or risk being ostracized by consumers and enterprises, you'll need to properly report your carbon footprint

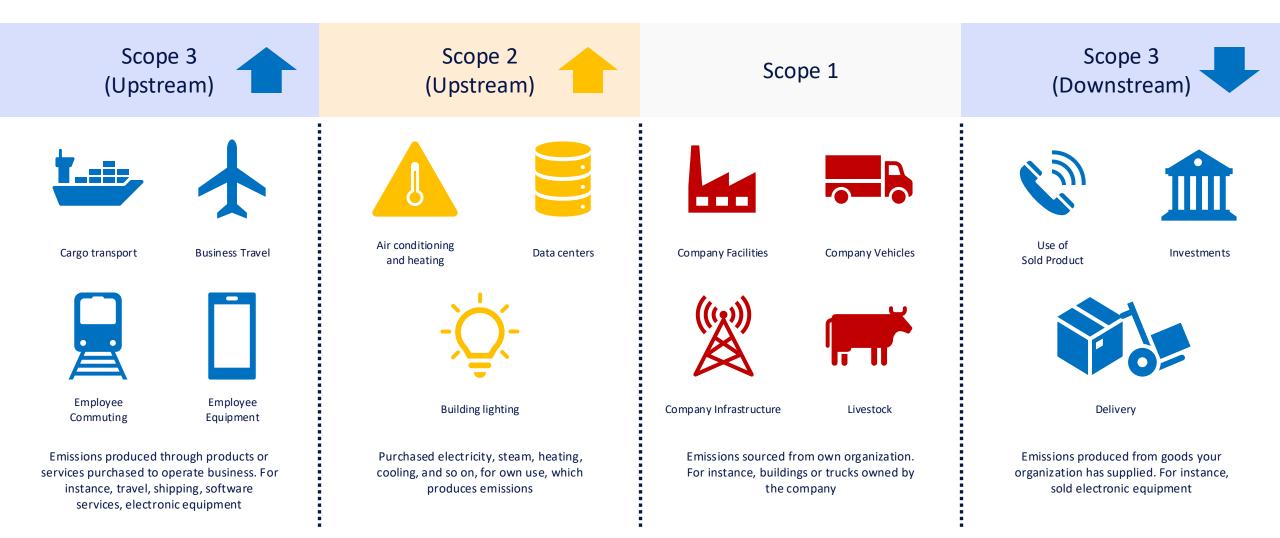
*Greenwashing: Promoting false solutions that distract or delay credible action

How Do Telecom Companies Act on Sustainability?



Science-based targets (SBTs) are emissions reduction goals aligned with the necessary level of decarbonization to limit global warming to within 2°C above preindustrial levels, and ideally below 1.5°C, as outlined in the Paris Agreement.

What Are Scope 1, 2, and 3?



The Scope 3 Dilemma

- Scope 3 emissions are both the largest contributors of CO2e emissions for companies (75% on average) and the most difficult to track
- Initiatives like the CSRD (Corporate Sustainability Reporting Directive) in the EU have pushed operators to submit and validate sciencebased reduction emissions targets

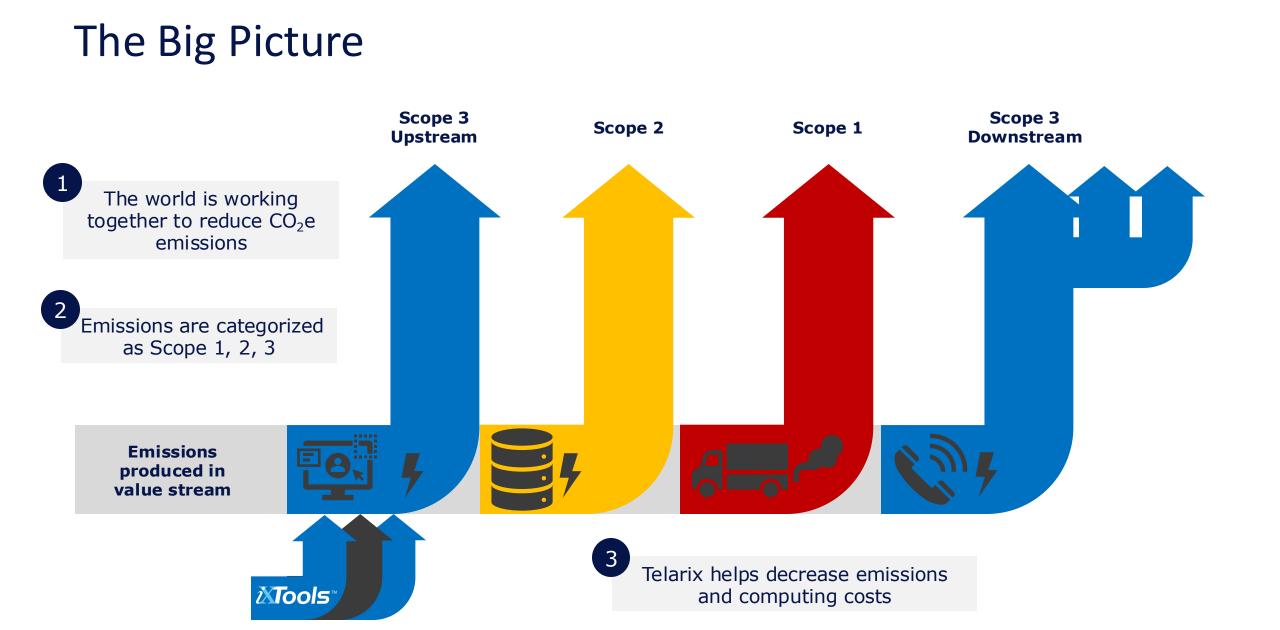
Scope 3 emissions account for the majority of emissions among all telecom archetypes.

Emissions, by scope, % share



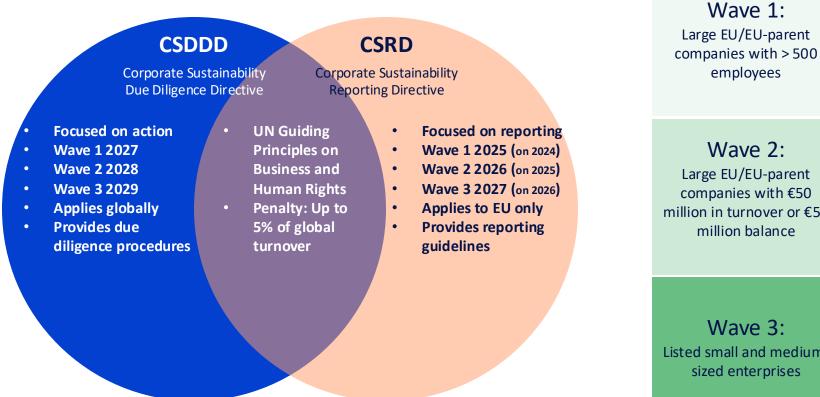
Source: CDP Worldwide 2022 data (self-reported emissions for 2021); McKinsey analysis

McKinsey & Company



Policy Updates

Key Policies: CSRD and CSDDD

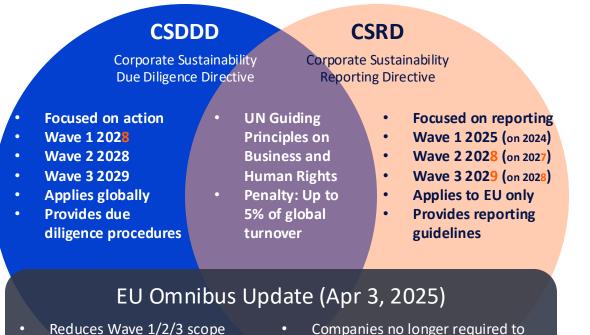


companies with €50 million in turnover or €50 million balance

Wave 3: Listed small and mediumsized enterprises

The CSRD and the CSDDD are two complementary EU directives aimed at enhancing corporate sustainability and accountability

Key Policies (Updated): CSRD and CSDDD



- Delays Reporting Rollouts
- Emphasizes quantitative over qualitative reporting
- Companies no longer required to terminate business relations
- Monitoring frequency reduced from annual to one-in-five years

Wave 1: Large EU/EU-parent companies with > 500 employees

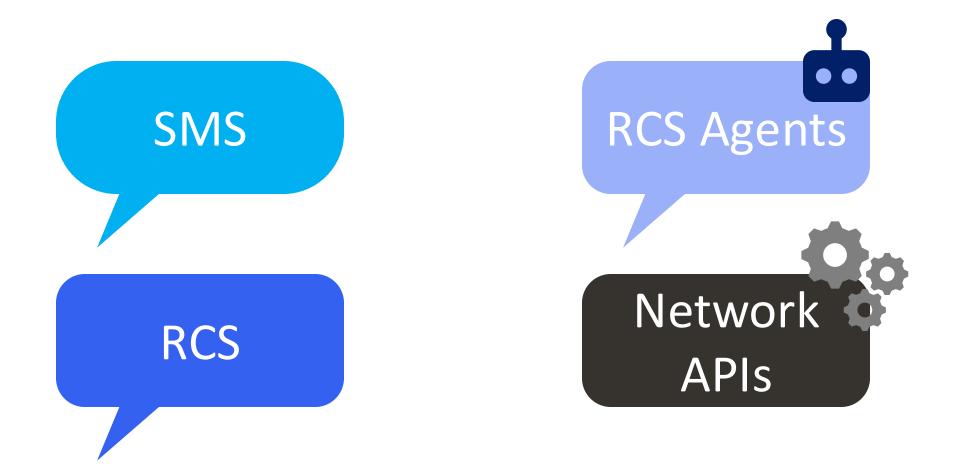
Wave 2: Large EU/EU-parent companies with > 1000 employees and €50 million in turnover or €50 million balance

Wave 3: Listed small and mediumsized enterprises (are now optional)

The CSRD and the CSDDD are two complementary EU directives aimed at enhancing corporate sustainability and accountability

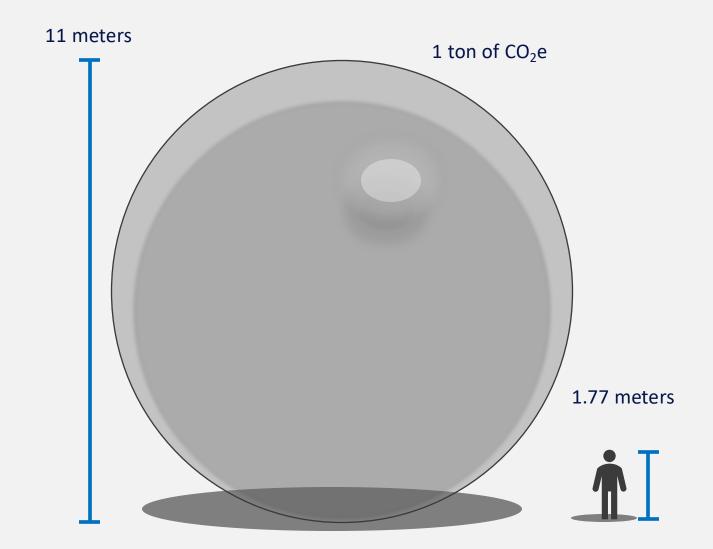
Technology Updates

Key Technologies to Consider



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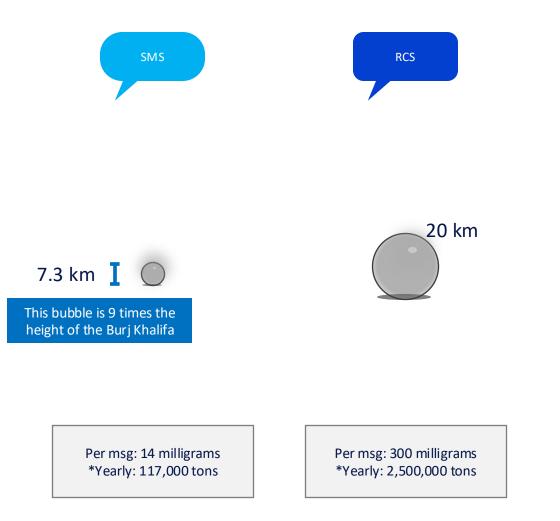
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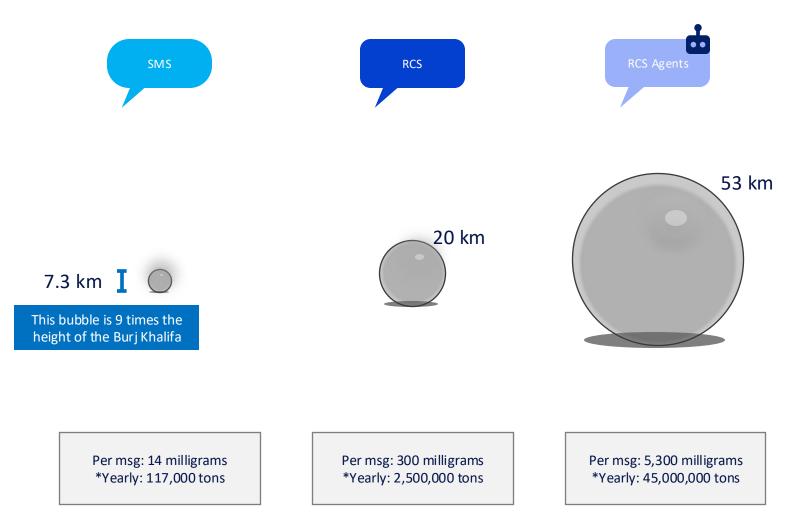


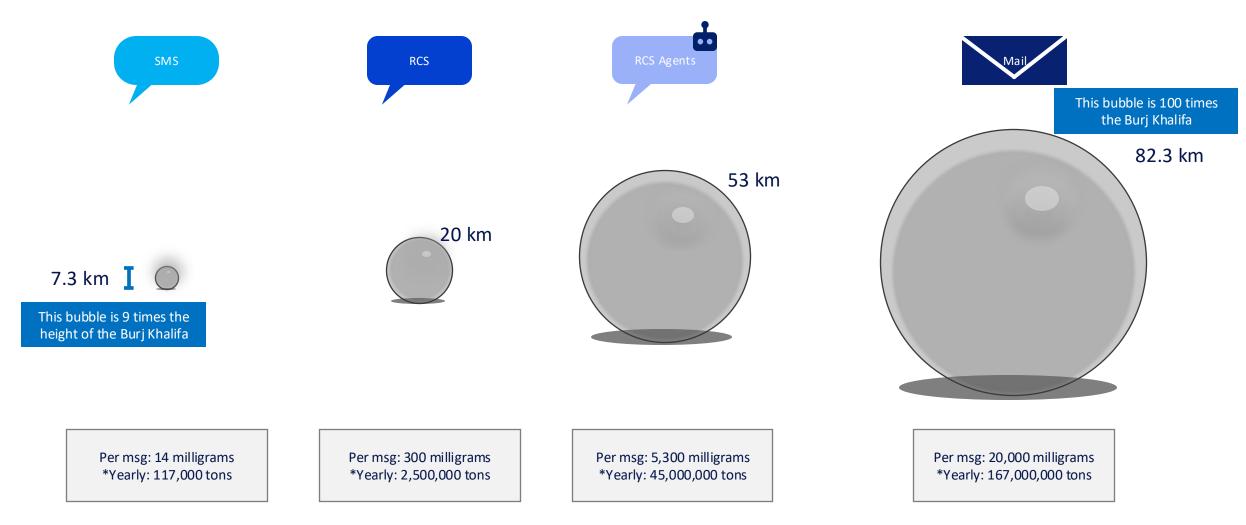


height of the Burj Khalifa

Per msg: 14 milligrams *Yearly: 117,000 tons









What about driving?





Per msg: 20,000 milligrams *Yearly: 167,000,000 tons

What about driving?



Per msg: 20,000 milligrams *Yearly: 167,000,000 tons Fun Fact 1: this is close to how much carbon is released each year by driving (3.2 billion tons)

Fun Fact 2: at over 223 km, this bubble is 23 times the height of the average aircraft and equal to the height of LOE satellites



1 Car Mile: 400,000 milligrams Yearly: 3,350,000,000 tons 223 km



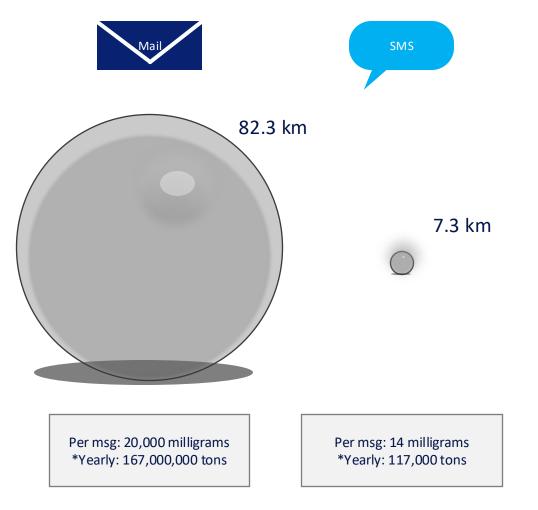
It's not all bad news



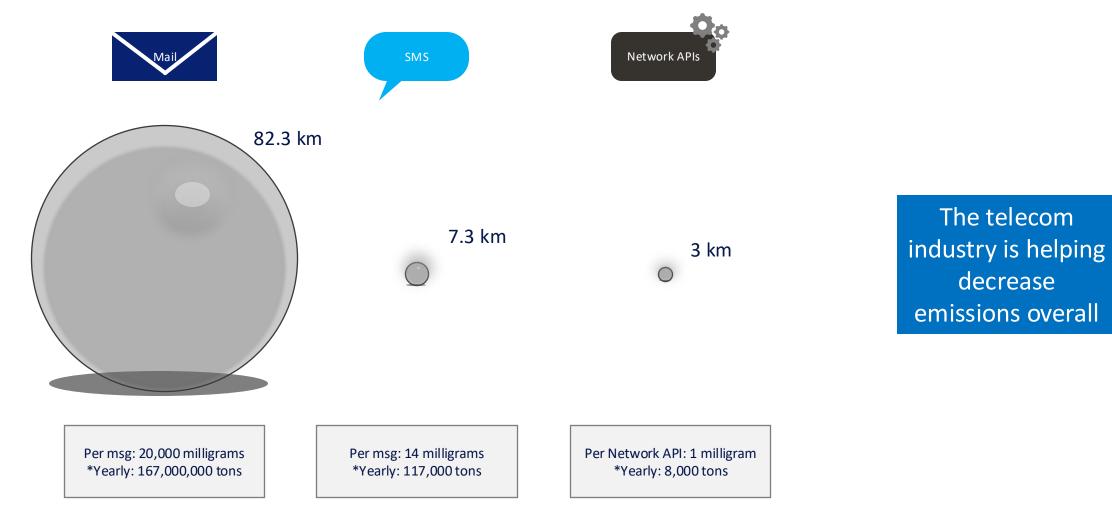
Per msg: 20,000 milligrams *Yearly: 167,000,000 tons



It's not all bad news



It's not all bad news



To recap: why I'm still hopeful

- While imperfect, telecom remains a positive force against climate change
- We need to remain vigilant
- Remain education
- And remain **conversational**

Questions?



Thank You



